

**He is as fast as \_\_\_\_.**

- A. Me
- B. I
- C. Myself
- D. Mine

Show Answer...

**Correct Answer: B (I)**

### **Explanation:**

The correct completion of the sentence is "He is as fast as **I**." In this context, "I" is the correct subject pronoun to use in a comparison. The sentence means that the person referred to is equally fast as the speaker. It is essential to use the appropriate pronoun in comparative sentences to maintain grammatical correctness.

### **English Grammar MCQs Set-8**



English Grammar MCQs

Here, you will find [English Grammar MCQs](#) which are important for all Competitive Exams of Pakistan. Such as CSS, PMS, FPSC, PPSC, KPPSC, SPSC, NTS, PTS, OTS and UTS Testing agency etc. There English MCQs are made while keeping the trend of testing agencies. English Mcqs for Preparation of Fpsc, Nts,



Fill in the Blank: He is as fast as \_\_\_\_\_.

Kppsc, Ppsc, and [other tests](#). Here, you can also take [Online quiz](#) in English MCQs.

However, Our Main focus is on the [MCQs of CSS](#), PMS and Other Competitive Exams. Furthermore, you can also contribute and [Submit MCQs](#) of the recent exam you took.

## Demystifying Pronoun Usage in English

English language learners often find pronouns challenging. But don't worry, by understanding the basic rules, you can master their usage in no time. Let's dive into the fascinating world of pronouns.

### Introduction to Pronouns

Pronouns are words we use to replace nouns in sentences. This helps avoid repetition and makes the conversation or text flow more smoothly. Pronouns can take different forms depending on their role in the sentence – subject, object, possessive, or reflexive.

### Types of Pronouns

There are several types of pronouns, but the most common ones include;

**Subject pronouns (I, you, he, she, it, we, they),**

**Object pronouns (me, you, him, her, it, us, them),**

**Possessive pronouns (mine, yours, his, hers, its, ours, theirs), and**

**Reflexive pronouns (myself, yourself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves, yourselves, themselves).**

### Subject Pronouns

Subject pronouns are used as the subject of a sentence. They perform the action in the sentence.

For example, "I am reading a book", "She runs fast", or "They are playing soccer".



Fill in the Blank: He is as fast as \_\_\_\_\_.

## **Object Pronouns**

Object pronouns are used as the object of a verb or preposition. They receive the action in the sentence.

For example, “He gave me the book”, “She told us the truth”, or “They invited them to the party”.

## **Possessive Pronouns**

Possessive pronouns show ownership or possession. They indicate who the owner of something is.

For example, “This book is mine”, “Is this pen yours?”, or “The decision was theirs”.

## **Reflexive Pronouns**

Reflexive pronouns are used to refer back to the subject of the sentence. They end in “-self” or “-selves”. For example, “I taught myself to play the piano”, “She cut herself while cooking”, or “They built the house themselves”.

## **Using Pronouns Correctly**

Using the correct pronoun in a sentence is essential for clear and effective communication. It’s not just about grammar rules; it’s also about expressing ideas accurately and understandably. Remember, language is a tool for communication, and mastering pronouns can help you wield this tool more efficiently.

## **Pronoun Case**

Pronoun case refers to the form a pronoun takes depending on its function in a sentence. English pronouns have three cases: subjective, objective, and possessive. Subjective case pronouns act as subjects of verbs (e.g., “I”, “She”, “They”). Objective case pronouns act as objects of verbs or prepositions (e.g., “me”, “her”, “them”). Possessive case pronouns show ownership (e.g., “my”, “her”, “their”).

## Common Mistakes and How to Avoid Them

Despite their prevalent use, pronouns are often misused, leading to grammatical errors. Here are some common mistakes and tips on how to avoid them.

### Me vs. I

One of the most common mistakes is the confusion between “me” and “I”. “I” is a subject pronoun, used when the pronoun is doing the action, while “me” is an object pronoun, used when the action is done to the pronoun. For example, “I kicked the ball” is correct, but “me kicked the ball” is incorrect. Similarly, “He gave the ball to me” is correct, but “He gave the ball to I” is incorrect.

### Possessive Pronouns vs. Contractions

Another common mistake is the confusion between possessive pronouns (like “its”) and contractions (like “it’s”, which is short for “it is” or “it has”). Always remember: possessive pronouns never have apostrophes. For example, “The dog wagged its tail” is correct, but “The dog wagged it’s tail” is incorrect.

## Conclusion

Understanding and using pronouns correctly is crucial for clear and effective communication in English. While the rules may seem daunting at first, with practice, anyone can master them. Remember, it’s not just about knowing the rules; it’s about using them to communicate your thoughts clearly and accurately. Keep practicing, and soon pronoun usage will become second nature!

### Consider linking to these articles:

**Copy link**[He never thought twice about walking into danger and \\_\\_\\_\\_\\_ cared if he survived or not.](#)

**Copy link**[How to Prepare English Subject for CSS Competitive Exam?](#)

**Copy link**[Ali has \\_\\_\\_\\_\\_ his hand but he is feeling better now.](#)

**Copy link**[He bought a five \\_\\_\\_\\_\\_ suit.](#)

**Copy link**[The whole nation was \\_\\_\\_\\_\\_ the president?](#)

**Copy link**[What Does The Idiom “All Ears” Mean?](#)



Fill in the Blank: He is as fast as \_\_\_\_\_.

Copy link [An unknown person entered the house. \(Name the gender of HOUSE\)?](#)

Copy link [The closest meaning of "truncated" is what?](#)

Copy link [Did you do it on purpose?](#)

Copy link [What is the meaning of the word "avert"?](#)

---

## English MCQs by CSS MCQs

---

### **English (Precis and Composition)**

<a href="#">General English Mcqs</a>	<a href="#">Prepositions Mcqs</a>
<a href="#">Fill in the blanks Mcqs</a>	<a href="#">One Word Substitutes Mcqs</a>
<a href="#">Synonyms Mcqs</a>	<a href="#">Idioms And Phrases Mcqs</a>
<a href="#">Antonyms Mcqs</a>	<a href="#">Active and Passive Voice Mcqs</a>
<a href="#">Tenses Mcqs</a>	<a href="#">Direct And Indirect Speech Mcqs</a>
<a href="#">Correct Spelling Mcqs</a>	<a href="#">CSS Vocabulary MCQs</a>
<a href="#">Pair of Words Mcqs:</a>	<a href="#">100 Most Important English Idioms</a>
<a href="#">ONE WORD SUBSTITUTION Mcqs</a>	<a href="#">65 Most Important Idioms</a>
<a href="#">English Important Prepositions</a>	<a href="#">English Grammar Mcqs</a>

## MCQs of English Language

Here, you can find English Mcqs for Preparation FPSC, NTS, KPPSC, PPSC, SPSC, BPSC, OTS, UTS, PTS, CTS, ATS, ETEA and some other tests. You will have English grammar lessons and MCQs quizzes in all categories. MCQ in Quiz FPSC, KPPSC, PPSC and SPSC are given in this section MCQ of English language. Additionally, NTS GAT and CSS vocabulary words are often asked in every competitive exam update on our website with the due passage of time. As in every test these days there is a specific portion of English MCQs. For *English Grammar MCQs by CSSMCQs*, visit the below MCQs

### **ENGLISH GRAMMAR** **MCQs**

#### [English Grammar MCQs Set-1](#)



Fill in the Blank: He is as fast as \_\_\_\_\_.

[English Grammer MCQs Set-2](#)

[English Grammer MCQs Set-3](#)

[English Grammer MCQs Set-4](#)

[English Grammer MCQs Set-5](#)

[English Grammer MCQs Set-6](#)

[English Grammer MCQs Set-7](#)

[English Grammer MCQs Set-8](#)

[English Grammer MCQs Set-9](#)

[English Grammer MCQs Set-10](#)

Therefore, English MCQs play a very vital role in the preparation of CSS, PMS and all other job exams. Furthermore, You can also [Submit English MCQs](#). If you are willing to take [Online English Quiz](#), Click [HERE](#) now.

---



[Click Here for Online MCQs Quiz Now](#)

[Click Here to Submit MCQs](#)

[Log In](#)

[Register](#) if you don't have an Account.

---

[\[ ☐ Compulsory MCQs \]](#) | [\[ ☐ Optional MCQs \]](#) | [\[ ☐ CSS Syllabus 2024 \]](#) | [\[ ☐ Past Paper MCQs \]](#) |

[Home](#)